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COME ONE! COME ALL!

And secure your bargains before the best is gone. Remember the place: California Variety Store, Railroad Ave.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

The Senate and House Still On Appropriation Bills.

Garland Accepts the Department of Justice Portfolio.

Seventeen Men Lose Their Feet by an Explosion.

The French Sink Two Chinese War Vessels.

MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL NEWS.

House.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. Reagan asked unanimous consent to take from the speaker's table the interstate commerce bill, for the purpose of non-concurrence in the Senate amendments thereto, but Mr. Keen objected.

Mr. Rosecrans, from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill for the retirement of Gen. H. G. Wright with the rank of major general. Placed on private calendar.

As the regular order of business the house proceeded to further consideration of the sundry civil bill.

Mr. Horr offered an amendment providing that the money appropriated to be used, first, in paying the indebtedness now outstanding to persons outside of Louisiana, including debts to foreigners or foreign nations, and such as are due state and territories, and, second, in the payment of all premiums awarded by the commission. The amendment was adopted—yeas 206, nays 58.

Mr. Potter then moved to strike out the entire clause. Lost, yeas 112, nays 159.

The bill passed, 168 to 107. The Senate amendments to the legislative appropriation bill were non-concurred in, and Messrs. Holman, Hancock and Cannon were appointed conferees.

Mr. Willis moved to suspend the rule and put upon its passage the bill appropriating \$5,000,000 to be expended by direction and with the approval of the secretary of war, for the continuation and completion of the works designated in the last river and harbor bill. The bill contains the following provision: Any money which shall be allotted under this act for the improvement of the Mississippi river below Cairo, (except so much thereof as shall be necessary to prevent the work in progress from waste and injury) shall be expended in continuation and completion of the works at Plum Point and Lake Providence, reached to the end that if the plan of commission for the improvement of the river may be fully tested, and the money attached to the Mississippi river, shall be expended by the secretary of war, and in accordance with the plans approved by him.

Mr. Willis briefly explained that it had been thought best not to allow the present work of the government to go to waste and ruin for lack of appropriation. For this reason he had, after consultation with a number of gentlemen, brought in a bill appropriating \$5,000,000, or one-seventh of the amount which the corps of engineers had stated could be profitably expended during the coming year. The bill was submitted as a compromise, because he knew discussion on the regular bill would consume valuable time and might endanger the passage of the regular appropriation bill and cause an extra session. Mr. Hisecock opposed the bill.

Mr. Conner criticized the river and harbor committee for coming in with an immature bill, which was not specific in its character, and not printed, and moving in the twinkling of an eye to pass it under suspension of the rules. He was in favor of internal improvements, but he wanted intelligent legislation. Here was the house presented with the alternative of leaving public works to suffer or having a called session. Worse things could happen than a called session. Last fall the democratic orators had told the people that at last the democrats were to be at the helm, and now they come in and move to pass this crude measure under suspension of the rules for fear there might be an extra session in March or April—in other words, they feared to trust themselves.

Mr. Miller, of Pennsylvania, considered this motion a fitting one to be made in the closing hours of the forty-eighth congress. Within the past two days the house, under suspension of the rules, had appropriated \$24,000,000, and it was now proposed to appropriate \$5,000,000 more. This proposition was brought in with the expectation that the Senate would add one, two or five millions to it, and then be passed upon by conference committee.

Mr. Hanback objected to a bill of this character being foisted on the house and passed without discussion or consideration.

Mr. O'Neil, (of Missouri), thought it would be a blunder and a crime for the house to fail to appropriate a sufficient amount to keep the works now in progress in a state of preservation. If this bill were not passed it would entail a loss on the government of millions of dollars.

Mr. King favored the bill, though he considered the appropriation entirely inadequate.

The motion was agreed to and the bill passed. Yeas 190, nays 33.

Mr. Turner (of Georgia), called up the contested election case from North Carolina, in which the prima facie right of Skinner to his seat is involved. The house refused to consider it.

Mr. Townsend, from the committee on appropriations, reported the postoffice appropriation bill, with Senate amendments, and with a report of concurrence in some and non-concurrence in other amendments.

In order to prevent Mr. Turner from calling up any contested election case, the republicans demanded a separate vote on each amendment, and though the recommendations of the appropriation committee were in each case agreed to, (the clause relative to ocean transportation was not reached), they consumed the

time until 5 o'clock, when a recess was taken until 8.

The evening session is for the consideration of pension bills.

Senate.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Senator Hale called up the naval appropriation bill, but objection was made to its consideration until the completion of the morning business. Senator Hale said he wanted the senators to realize the condition in which the navy finds itself with appropriation bills lumping on it. In order to avoid an extra session it was necessary to give the appropriation bills every possible advancement. The naval bill was then taken up and its reading proceeded with.

At one o'clock the unfinished business, being the anti-silver coinage bill, was laid before the Senate, but was temporarily laid over and consideration of the naval bill continued. The minimum tonnage for the two new cruisers recommended by the Senate committee was made five instead of four thousand tons.

An amendment was agreed to appropriating \$112,000 for the purchase of Ericson's torpedo boat destroyer. With this exception the bill was passed as reported from the Senate committee.

Senator Van Wyck called up the bill providing for the sale of the Sac and Fox Indian reservation in Nebraska and Kansas. After a short discussion the bill passed and the Senate went into executive session.

When the doors were reopened legislative business was proceeded with. Senator Cameron of Wisconsin moved to resume consideration of the house bill limiting the time for presentation of claims against the United States.

Senator Morrill called for the regular order, being the trade dollar bill. He reported the demonstration made there was so probability the section repealing the standard dollar coinage act would become a law. He thought, therefore, it would be well to take a vote on that section without debate, and then the Senate could dispose of the trade dollar as it chose.

Senator Cameron's motion was agreed to—yeas 34, nays 21.

Senator Van Wyck obtained unanimous consent that the claims bill be temporarily laid aside to take up the pension bills originating in the Senate and favorably reported from committee.

Senator Voorhees said deserving pension cases had been adversely reported by the Senate committee which had not yet been considered by the Senate, and he hoped these would also be taken up.

Sensors Blair and Mitchell believed that much suffering would result if these bills were not considered and acted upon this session.

The bills favorably reported upon were then passed. Senator Mitchell moved to take up the house bill for the benefit of soldiers and sailors who have lost an arm at the shoulder joint. The bill having been reported to the Senate to-day, it requires unanimous consent for its consideration, which was refused.

The house bill, giving \$50 per month to Mrs. Emily Alford, widow of General Alford, passed. Yeas 34, nays 13.

The house bill also passed granting a pension of \$50 per month to Mrs. Mary A. Greene, widow of S. Dana Greene late commander in the United States navy.

The house bill passed granting a pension of \$50 per month to Mrs. Margaret D. Marchand, widow of Commander Marchand, late of the United States navy. In connection with this bill Senator Riddleberger said he saw no reason for granting a pension on account of people who died since the war. He was willing to pension widows of soldiers who died during the war.

In considering the house bill to grant an increase of pension from \$30 to \$50 to Mrs. Sophia Morgan, widow of Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Morgan, of the United States army, Senator Crooke said he was opposed to doing by retail what could be done by wholesale, and he moved an amendment providing that the pensions of all widows receiving \$30 per month be increased to \$50. This was not agreed to—yeas 1, nays 41. The affirmative vote was that of Voorhees. The vote of Crooke on his own amendment was a loud "No."

Chinese Vessels Destroyed.
PARIS, Feb. 27.—The government has chartered the steamer City of Paris, of the Indian line, for transport service to China.

The French torpedo boats at Sheppok sunk the Chinese frigate Yungair, carrying twenty-six guns and six hundred men, and the Chinese corvette Tchenking carrying seven guns and one hundred and fifty men.

Singular Fatal Explosion.
LOXNOX, Feb. 26.—Colonel Fox, commandant of the royal school of gunnery at Shoeburyness, and Colonel Lyon, head official of the government laboratory at Woolwich, wounded by an explosion at the royal school of gunnery, died this morning. Each had both legs blown off. The explosion was caused in a singular manner. Colonel Lyon invented some fuses and rocket floats. Desiring to make final experiments with them he obtained permission to carry them on at the school of gunnery. General Allen undertook to make a connection between the shells and fuses. In his first attempt to insert the fuse in the shell he imprudently placed a match to the fuse and exploded the shell. The explosion deprived seventeen officers and men present of their feet.

Colonel Will Vischer is getting notes and pictures to write up New Mexico for the eastern papers. The letters will appear in illustrated dress.

Its a cold night when the white folks serenade the coons.

A rebel and a yank had photographs taken at W. Cal Brown's, yesterday afternoon.

The Leonard Brothers sold thirty-five bulls at Santa Fe by private sale.

Captain Jack Crawford was selected by the department council yesterday, to deliver an original poem at the dedication of the Kit Carson monument.

Judge Lafayette Emmett, who was chief justice of Minnesota for seven years, is here on a visit to his son-in-law, Joe S. Pishon, of the First National bank. The judge has another daughter in Las Vegas, Mrs. J. W. Hill. He thinks of locating permanently in the territory.

METROPOLITAN MENTION.

Col. W. M. Berger has been admitted to the bar of the first district.

Judge Sloan accidentally fell at the Armijo house last night and received a severe wound in the head.

Capt. Jack Crawford is in receipt of a letter from the great shooter, Dr. W. F. Carver, asking him to join him in a trip through Europe, but Jack thinks, and rightfully, too, that he has a better thing.

A one-mile race will take place at the rink at a quarter after nine o'clock this evening. It will be more exciting than a horse race, and the winner will next week run Jakey Louck for the fine gold medal which he won from Snow some time since. The admission is but fifteen cents for a dollars worth of amusement.

Colonel John Brady of Zeigers, has got a new suit of clothes, and threatens to go into society. He has ordered a pair of roller skates from Chicago which will arrive in a few days, per flat car transportation.

Hon. John Elkins, state senator in Colorado, from Leadville, brother of Steve Elkins, passed through this city to-day going to Chihuahua county to look at a mine which he and some other Colorado capitalists have bought, provided the mine is what it is represented to be by its owner, who was with the party. The mine is in the California district, and is copper bearing.

Albuquerque has had a glorious visit from the Grand Army delegates, who were warmly welcomed by the entire population, and is to be hoped that circumstances will bring them here again soon.

Jim Dixie, who is as black as he is good natured, all of which makes him as black as a stack of minks, entertained a select party at the Armijo last night, with plantation songs, patting "Juba," and other antics peculiar to the class of anti-bellum times; that would have made the most accomplished burnt-cork artist turn green with envy or white with astonishment.

There are a great many new stories in town.

Spiegelberg Bros. offer a reward of \$100 for any clue that will lead to the discovery of the goods stolen from their warehouse on the night of February 23.

James Phillips is here from Chicago taking measures for shop-made clothes.

Dora Hellweg, a young daughter of Baron Hellweg, sprained her ankle at the Sisters' school yesterday at recess.

Seih Ross, son of Senator E. G. Ross, is in return from California where he has been seeking health.

Salt Lake is in town.

Judge Oaks is a little under the weather.

Tom Dye now makes box-toed shoes at the heel.

A beautiful day yesterday for the grand army encampment.

A gentleman who is now with the Winard Oil troupe says he once made a voyage with Lord Wolseley in the Sudan country, and he describes General Wolseley as a modest man, having none of the airs of the English snob.

P. F. Shoemaker, the conductor of the freight train which was in the collision, has been discharged from the employ of the company, while Conductor Perry and Engineer Cramer and Parker have been laid off thirty days.

Engineer J. W. Buckley will take charge of an engine between this city and Gallup Monday for the Atlantic & Pacific road.

A. M. Whitcomb presented to Miss May Fitzgerald, the daughter of Department Commander-elect Fitzgerald, a most beautiful bouquet of natural flowers.

Major John C. Brumagum, of Las Vegas, who has just been appointed assistant adjutant-general of the Grand Army of this territory, is a worthy man, and has been a true, tried and honorable soldier. We like to see such men installed into official and responsible positions in the Grand Army.

James L. Morris, who is post-commander of the Ben Hopper post at Wallace, wears a medal which was presented to him by the United States congress for killing the chief of the Apache Indians in October, 1872.

Pinkies Shot.

Vischer's favorite toast is "The heroes of the next war."

The grand ball was attended by three hundred people.

Major William Caffrey of White Oaks was the belle of the ball.

Deacon Sanford says that in the next war he prefers to be a sutler or commissary.

Major Caffrey says he was never treated better or offered than on his visit to Albuquerque.

Miss host Sherman of the Armijo, who is a member of the Trinidad post, was happy in entertaining his comrades.

Say, Ed Friend, which one of the G. A. R. boys did you hold up for those blue pants?—Fletcher.

It is all right if Fitz didn't sing "Marching through Georgia," from the outside lining of his socks last night.

Dr. Thomas Howland, of Tiptonville known as "The Fighting Chaplain," was unanimously elected as department chaplain.

John T. Forshey, of the Twelfth Ohio cavalry, and later of Barlow & Sanderson's service, also came down from the "ancient" to attend the ball.

The Blue and the Gray walked arm in arm last night, and if a stranger had been told that these men fought against each other and had heard nothing of their cruel war, he would have said it was against reason, but not against human nature.

MEN AND WOMEN.

C. W. Miller, of Kansas City, is at the Armijo house.

James G. Whitney, with his sombrero hat and cowboy suit, is here from Estancia Springs.

Hyram Crompton, one of the grand army boys, who sells stoves on the road, was here yesterday.

Jewett Menifee, an old timer in this part of the country, was shaking hands with friends yesterday.

C. B. Hawley, the silent partner in the firm of Stover Crary & Co., returned last night from a trip to New Orleans.

E. K. Caldwell, from Las Vegas, one of the few privates who are here at the grand army encampment, stops at the Armijo.

Orlando Smith, late post commander of the Las Vegas post of G. A. R., came in yesterday in time to sound his voice in what he thought to be right.

J. F. Wood, a passenger conductor from Winslow, and A. R. Jones, a freight conductor from the Needles, are here enjoying the beauties of the city.

G. W. Hartman, a member of Thomas post at Las Vegas, but who is making a fortune in merchandise at San Miguel, is here as a delegate to the grand army encampment.

John H. West is in receipt of an invitation to attend the wedding of his cousin at Binghamton, N. Y., and will leave next week for the scene of festivity. He will return by way of New Orleans.

Dick Hudson, who was to have been here at the old soldiers' meeting, was detained by business at Santa Fe, and went south last night. He requests us to say to the boys that he is with them in whatever they may have done.

Polly Connors makes things lively on Railroad avenue these sun-shining days.

County Clerk Burke had his feet on a table at the Armijo House, Thursday, around which a number of friends, including D. L. Sturges, the Union Pacific man, sat. Finally Burke took his feet down and stamping them said, "I believe my feet are asleep." Sturges looked up and quietly remarked, "I thought they were dead."

Park A. Van Tassel, who owes forty or cents in this city, is giving balloon ascensions in New Orleans.

Why do not the people plant shade trees, shrubbery, etc? This is the time of year, and no other town needs such improvements more than Albuquerque.

Chip in a dollar or so each, and let the county utilize the jail birds in fixing up the streets.

Henry Carpenter and Leonard Skinner are here from Tijeras canon.

Norman's Exposure.

PHOENIX, Arizona, Feb. 23, 1885.

Hon. W. C. Hastedine, Hon. W. B. Childers and others, Albuquerque.

GENTLEMEN—Your very kind and flattering invitation to me to deliver a lecture on Mormonism and the crimes of the Mormon church received this day. I shall be pleased to comply with your request at an early day, either on my way to or on my return from the east, some time in March or April—depending on the amount of work that may develop here in the supreme court. My terms are actual expenses, the net proceeds to be applied to any charitable object or benevolent society you may select. Will advise you early of date. Yours truly,

SUMNER HOWARD.

P. S. All details and appropriation of avails left to you.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitality. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Eruptions, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all Disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years."
W. H. MOORE.

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; 25, six bottles for \$5.

HOW THE PRESIDENT

OF BAYLOR UNIVERSITY.

"Independence, Texas, Sept. 28, 1882.

Gentlemen:

Ayer's Hair Vigor

This has been used in my household for three months.

1st. To prevent falling out of the hair.

2nd. To prevent too rapid change of color.

3rd. An itching scalp.

It has given entire satisfaction in every instance. Yours respectfully,

WM. CLARY CLARY.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is entirely free from mercury, arsenic, or any injurious substance. It prevents the hair from turning gray, restores gray hair to its original color, prevents baldness, promotes the hair and scalp to grow, cures dandruff and all diseases of the hair and scalp, and is, at the same time, a very superior and desirable dressing.

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Sold by all Druggists.